

Overseas large-scale farmland acquisitions for food production made by Chinese companies since 2006

COUNTRY	COMPANY	OWNER	HECTARES	CROPS	STATUS	SUMMARY
Angola	CAMCE	China CAMC Engineering Co. Ltd	4.500	Rice	Done	CAMCE is a subsidiary of the China National Machinery Industry Corporation. In April 2011, the Angolan Press Agency reported that the Angolan government had approved CAMCE's proposed project to construct a rice mill in Longa and establish a 1,500- ha pilot rice farm in the area. In its entirety, the farm, known as Fazenda Agro Industrial do Longa, occupies 4,500 ha of land. China National Development Bank has provided CAMCE with a credit line for the project of approximately US\$76 million.
Angola	CITIC Construction Co.	CITIC Group Co.	50.000	Soybeans, maize and wheat	Done	CITIC Construction Co, a subsidiary of CITIC Group Co, leases 20,000 ha for the production of soybeans and wheat in Angola since 2008. In November 2014, the company announced plans to invest US\$5 billion to develop farming operations on 500,000 ha in Angola to produce maize, soybeans and wheat. This was followed, in September 2015, by reports that the company had initiated negotiations with the Angolan government for an additional 30,000 ha to farm in Bie province. CITIC has been active in Angola since 2008, on a contract worth US\$10 billion, for the construction of 20,000 houses, shops, crèches and schools.
Argentina	COFCO	China Grains and Oils Group Corporation	22.000	Soybeans, wheat and maize	Done	In 2014 the state-run company COFCO bought a controlling 51% stake in Nidera, the Netherlands-based agricultural trading company. The purchase totalled US\$1.2 billion. Soybean, wheat and maize are the major commodities traded by Nidera. The company's presence is particularly strong in Argentina, where it leases a total of 22,000 ha. The deal gives COFCO organisational capabilities in South America, since the company also has further subsidiaries in Brazil and Uruguay.
Argentina	Beidahuang	Heilongjian Beidahuang Nongken Group Co.	320.000	Soybeans	Paused	State-owned Heilongjian Beidahuang Nongken Group Co. is the largest farming company in China, managing over 2 million ha of farmland in the Province of Heilongjiang. Since 2008 the company has been expanding its farming operations overseas. The company was planning to start a project in Argentina, covering 320,000 ha of land, with an investment of US\$1,500 million. However, the project was stalled due to objections from provincial officials over the lack of consultation with local communities and the over concerns about the concentration of land.

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Australia	Beidahuang	Beidahuang	36.500	Wheat	Done	State-owned Beidahuang is the largest farming company in China, managing over 2 million ha of farmland in the Province of Heilongjiang. Since 2008, the company has been expanding its farming operations overseas. In 2011, through its Australian subsidiary, Heilongjiang Feng Agricultural, Beidahuang acquired three grain farms in Western Australia, totalling 36,500 ha. The company also acquired leases over an additional 51,000 ha but these were abandoned in 2015. The farms are managed by the Australian company Vickstock Grain.
Australia	Heilongjiang Feng Agricultural	Heilongjian Beidahuang Nongken Group Co.	85.000	Wheat and livestock	Done	State-owned Heilongjian Beidahuang Nongken Group Co. is the largest farming company in China, managing over 2 million ha of farmland in the Province of Heilongjiang. Since 2008 the company has been expanding its farming operations overseas. Beidahuang is also active in Western Australia in the sectors of dairy and grain farms. By 2013, Heilongjiang Feng Agricultural, the Australian registered subsidiary of Beidahuang, had bought 85,500 ha of farmland in the wheat belt. It also acquired a 16- year lease on port facilities in Albany to vertically integrate its operations and export grain to China. The company says it is also interested in investing in livestock and intends to expand operations to 100,000 ha. Thus far, Beidahuang has spent US\$70.2 million on total land purchases in Australia.
Australia	Union Agriculture	Jiahe Brewery	2.800	Cattle, sheep	Done	In December 2011, Union Agriculture, a subsidiary of Jiahe Brewery, bought the 2,800 ha Mount Falcon Station, which runs sheep and cattle, from Australian businessman Sean Howard for A\$6 million. Union Agriculture then purchased the 4,108 hectare Bobbara Station at Galong New South Wales, for A\$13.8 millions, which farms cattle, wheat, canola, and lupins.
Australia	Nanshan Group	Nanshan Group	30.000	Superfine wool	Done	In January 2012, the Australian Financial Review reported that Nanshan Group, the 188th-largest enterprise in China, had made an offer for four sheep farms in New South Wales and Tasmania. It is not clear if these deals went through, however, Nanshan does state on its website that it sources wool from its own sheep farms in Australia
Australia	Australian Fresh Milk Holdings	New Hope Group	2.700	Dairy farm	Done	The New Hope Group is China's largest suppliers of meat, egg and dairy. In 2015, it established a \$500 million joint venture with Milies-Perich Family's Leppington Pastoral Company and Freedom Foods, called Australian Fresh Milk Holdings, to acquire dairy farms in Australia. Its first acquisition was of the 2,700 ha Moxey dairy farm.
Australia	Orient Agriculture	Orient Agriculture	11.935	Mixed farming	Done	In 2014, Shanghai-based Orient Agriculture bought Undabri, an 11,935 ha mixed farming operation in southwest Queensland, for US\$30 million. Real estate and agricultural investor Craig Doyle formerly owned the property. The current operations of the farm are unclear.

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Australia	Shaanxi Kingbull Livestock Co. Ltd	Shaanxi Kingbull Livestock Co. Ltd	5.000	Livestock	Done	The state owned company Shaanxi Kingbull Livestock Co. Ltd bought a 5,000 ha cattle station in 2012 in order to annually import 10,000 beef cattle and calves. In 2014 the company stated its hopes to import some 40,000 cattle over the next 10 years. Kingbull has more than 80 feedlots in China's Shaanxi Province, each holding between 300 and 1,000 cattle. The outcome of this project is unclear.
Australia	Kimberley Agricultural Investment Pty Ltd	Shanghai Zhongfu	15.200	Sugar, sorghum	Done	Kimberley Agricultural Investment Pty Ltd (KAI) is the Australian subsidiary of the Chinese company Shanghai Zhongfu. In 2012, the company signed a deal with the Western Australia government to invest \$511 million in clearing and developing two parcels of land amounting to 15,200 ha that are part of the Ord River irrigation scheme. The company ultimately plans to grow sugar but has started with chia cultivation. By May 2015, the company had cleared 600 ha, of which 250 is to be used for chia and the rest sorghum.
Australia	Balfour Downs Pastoral Coy Ltd	Tianma Bearing Group Co., Ltd	705.700	Cattle	Done	In 2015, China's Tianma Bearing Group, acquired the 705,700 ha Woollogorang and Wentworth stations in Queensland for US\$34.62 million, through its subsidiary Balfour Downs Pastoral Co Ltd,
Australia	Rifa Australia	Zhejiang RIFA Holding Group	5.350	Livestock	Done	In 2014, the Zhejiang RIFA Holding Group, a Chinese textile company, acquired the 2,500 ha Blackwood livestock farm for A\$14 million and another 2,850 ha grazing property for A\$23 million. It was also reported to be negotiating to buy another pastoral estate of 26,000 ha for A\$20 million.
Benin	La Sucrierie de COMPLANT de Benin S.A	China National Complete Import and Export Corporation Group (COMPLANT)	4.800	Cassava and sugarcane	Done	The China National Complete Import and Export Corporation Group (COMPLANT) functioned as a foreign-aid office for China until 1993. While it now trades on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, its controlling shareholder is the State Development & Investment Corporation, the largest state-owned investment holding company in China. The company is involved in a number of construction and infrastructure projects overseas and several agricultural projects. In 2010, COMPLANT and the US\$5-billion China-Africa Development Fund set up ethanol projects in various African countries. COMPLANT proposed the construction of a 4,800 ha sugarcane and cassava venture in Benin, where it is functioning through its subsidiary La Sucrierie de COMPLANT de Benin S.A. In 2013 workers in the Benin factory complained about working conditions and halted production until late 2014.

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Bolivia	Pengxin Group Co.	Pengxin Group Co.	12.500	Soybean, sorghum and maize	Done	Shanghai real-estate mogul Jiang Zhaobai, Chairman and owner of the Shanghai Pengxin Group Co., has been investing heavily in farmland over the past few years. In China, it acquired 650 ha of farmland near Shanghai, used for sheep, wheat and soybeans, and has another 930-ha sheep farm in Shandong Province. Outside China, in 2005, the company bought 60% of shares in a 12,500 ha Bolivian soybean, sorghum and maize farm in the department of Santa Cruz. It invested more than US\$20 million in this venture.
Brazil	Chongqing Grain Group	Chongqing Grain Group	100.000	Soybean	Done	Chongqing Grain Group is one of China's largest state-owned grain corporations. In April 2010, the company announced plans for a US\$300 million soybean project in Bahia, Brazil that would include infrastructure construction and control over 100,000 ha of land, with option to expand to 200,000 ha. Brazilian authorities publicly denied that the deal involved the transfer of lands, but, in February 2011, Huang Qifan, the mayor of Chongqing, in an interview with the state TC channel CCTV, reiterated that the company had been allocated the land and that the project would be managed by a joint venture company 70% owned by Chongqing Grain and 30% by Brazilian investors, with partnerships worked out with local producers. He also said that the company would invest US\$879 million in the project, with much of this being provided by the Development Bank of China. However, progress and the promised investment has been very slow. By 2014, the company had only managed to bulldoze a 100 ha area where the crushing plant was planned to stand.
Brazil	Noble Agri	COFCO Corp	145.000	Sugar cane	Done	In 2014, state-backed COFCO Corp agreed to pay US\$1.5 billion for a 51% stake in Noble Group Ltd's agribusiness division, which was renamed Noble Agri Limited. Other investors include the China Investment Corp, the World Bank's IFC and Singapore's Temasek Holdings. Through the deal COFCO acquired control over Noble's 145,000 ha of sugar plantations in Brazil.
Brazil	Pengxin Group Co.	Pengxin Group Co.	200.000	Soybean and cotton	In process	Shanghai real-estate mogul Jiang Zhaobai, Chairman and owner of the Shanghai Pengxin Group Co., has been investing heavily in farmland over the past few years. In China, it acquired 650 ha of farmland near Shanghai, used for sheep, wheat and soybeans, and has another 930-ha sheep farm in Shandong Province. In Brazil, Pengxin is negotiating to buy 200,000 ha of land to grow soybeans and cotton.

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Bulgaria	Tianjin State Farms Agribusiness Group Company (TSFAGC)	Tianjin State Farms Agribusiness Group Company (TSFAGC)	2.000	Maize, alfalfa and sunflower	Done	Under an agreement with the Government of Bulgaria, China's Tianjin State Farms Agribusiness Group Company (TSFAGC) rented 2,000 ha of land in May 2011 to grow maize, alfalfa and sunflower for export to China. TSFAGC paid an initial €10 million for this transaction. The company is pursuing negotiations for a further 10,000 ha. In 2012, it was reported by Radio Bulgaria that the company was cultivating half of its allotted land with maize, without any local employees, due to the technical nature of appliances used. In 2014 the company announced its intentions to invest US\$125.15 million to build an industrial park for the processing of agricultural products. Investing in Bulgaria gives Chinese companies access to the European market, as well as acting as a bridge to the markets of Russia.
Burma	Jilin Fuhua Agricultural Science and Technology Co., Ltd	Jilin Fuhua Agricultural Science and Technology Co., Ltd	50.000	Rice and fruit trees	Done	In 2008, China's Fuhua Group, a Guangdong based corporation, signed a deal with Burma for 50,000 ha. In 2011, 30,000 ha of this land had been cultivated with rice and more than 60,000 fruit trees. The current status of the project is unknown.
Cambodia	Lan Feng (Cambodia) International Company Limited, Rui Feng (Cambodia) International Company Limited, Heng Yue (Cambodia) International Company Limited, Heng Rui (Cambodia) International Company Limited and Heng Non (Cambodia) International Company Limited	Chinese Investor	42.422	Sugarcane and rubber	Done	In 2011, five Chinese companies were awarded economic land concessions by the government of Cambodia. The five are Lan Feng (Cambodia) International Company Limited, Rui Feng (Cambodia) International Company Limited, Heng Yue (Cambodia) International Company Limited, Heng Rui (Cambodia) International Company Limited and Heng Non (Cambodia) International Company Limited. It was later discovered by the human rights group Adhoc that these were subsidiaries of the same company, as all were registered with the same address and contact details in Cambodia. Together the 5 companies hold leases for a combined 42,422 ha, enabling the company to circumvent the legal limit of 10,000 ha per land concession. Lan Feng was allocated 9,015 ha, Rui Feng 8,841 ha, Heng Yue 8,959 ha, Heng Rui 9,119 ha and Heng Non 6,488 ha. The companies primarily produce sugar cane but also plant acacia and rubber. The operational stage of each subsidiary is also variable. For instance, by 2013, Heng Rui had only cleared 1,000 ha and Heng Yue had also demarcated 1,000 ha for clearance. Much controversy surrounds these land purchases however. According to Adhoc, over 100 villagers in the Preah Vihear province complained of sugar plantations encroaching their lands, the felling of communal indigenous forests and the seizure of four local temples. Lan Feng has also been accused of employing child labour on its plantations and is currently under investigation.
Cambodia	Chinese Investors	Chinese Investors	8.840		Done	In June 2015, RFA reported that villagers in the province of Preah Vihear were blocking the clearing of 8,840 ha that had been provided by the government to unnamed Chinese investors.

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Cambodia	GG World Group (Cambodia) Development Co., Ltd	GG World Group (Cambodia) Development Co., Ltd	5.000	Cashew nuts, teak and animal husbandry	Done	In 2005, GG World Group (Cambodia) Development Co., Ltd acquired a 70-year lease for 5,000 ha in the Stung Treng Province for cashew, teak, animal husbandry and a processing factory. By 2007 the company had sown 1,001 ha. The company also receives significant Canadian investment. In 2014 it was reported by The Phnom Penh Post that GG was one of 12 companies called by the provincial department of agriculture to explain why development and output targets were not being met
Cambodia	Siv Guek Investment Co. Ltd	HuaYue Group Co., Ltd	10.000	Acacia, rubber, teak and trees	Done	In 2006 Siv Guek Investment Co. Ltd leased 10,00 ha of land for the production of acacia, rubber, teak and trees. The Cambodian company was purchased by the Chinese group HuaYue Group Co., Ltd in 2008. In 2013 the Siv Guek was one of 12 companies called by provincial officials in Stun Treng to explain why production levels and development targets were not being met.
Cambodia	Union Development Group	Union Development Group Tianjin Union Investment Development Group Co., Ltd	45.200	Cassava	Done	The Union Development Group Tianjin Union Investment Development Group Co., Ltd of China is a real estate company that in 2008 acquired concessions covering 45,100 ha; in Koh Kong. While the concession was supposedly for the development of a luxury resort the company is reported to be planting cassava instead. There are reports of farmers having been displaced by the company and the company having encroached on lands belonging to a national park.
Cambodia	Zhangzhou city	Zhangzhou city	3.000		Done	In May 2011, Xinhua reported that 11 Chinese companies from Zhangzhou had signed up to invest in a 3,000 ha agricultural park in Tbong Khmum, Cambodia.
Cameroon	Sino-Cam IKO	Shaanxi Overseas Investment and Development Co, Ltd	10.000	Rice, maize and cassava	In process	In 2006, IKO, a subsidiary of Shaanxi Overseas Investment and Development Co, Ltd, signed a US\$120 million investment agreement with the government of Cameroon, giving it the Nanga-Eboko rice station and a 99 year lease for another 10,000 ha of land- 2,000 ha in Nanga-Eboko (close to the rice farm), 4,000 ha in nearby Ndjore District, and 4,000 ha in the west of the country in Santchou. The mayor and local official, however, objected that they were not consulted before the concessions were awarded. Furthermore, workers on the Nanga-Eboko farm have complained of being paid less than the minimum wage in Cameroon. The company began trials of rice and maize, and also plans to grow cassava through its Cameroonian subsidiary Sino-Cam IKO Ltd. Reports suggest, however, that progress on the farms is slow, with the company only cultivating some 100-150 ha of its 10,000 ha. The company is reported to still be awaiting a completed contract from the government.

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Cameroon	GMG Global Ltd	Sinochem	45.000	Oil palm	Done	Through its Singapore subsidiary GMG Global, the Chinese state oil company Sinochem, acquired a 90% stake in Sud Hévea, a rubber company that was privatised by the Government of Cameroon in 1996. The company controls an area of 45,000 ha for rubber plantations. In May 2013, Sinochem announced that it would be expanding its plantations by 20,000 ha and that it would begin planting oil palm.
Cuba	Suntime International Techno-Economic Cooperation (Group) Co., Ltd	Suntime International Techno-Economic Cooperation (Group) Co., Ltd	5.000	Rice	Done	In 1996 Suntime International, a company listed in China's Xinjiang Autonomous Region, invested US\$50,000 in Cuba to develop rice on 150 ha of land. This project yielded record amounts of rice in Cuba. By 2008 the company had expanded its holdings to 5,000 ha.
DRC	ZTE Agribusiness Congo	ZTE Ltd	1.046	Oil palm	Done	ZTE Corporation is China's largest telecommunications company, with operations in more than 140 countries. In 2007, it established ZTE Energy to invest in biofuels and food production in China and overseas. In the Democratic Republic of Congo, ZTE established a subsidiary to invest in agriculture, ZTE Agribusiness Congo. The company identified land for investment in oil palm plantations in Bikoro, Equateur province and was eventually allocated a concession for 100,000 ha by the Council of Ministers in 2007. ZTE Agribusiness Congo also acquired 258 ha in Menkao, near Kinshasa, in 2008 for a pilot farm and a 600 ha farm in N'sele, also near to Kinshasa, in 2010. The company claims that it has suspended its oil palm project mainly due to the poor condition of transportation infrastructure and difficulties in accessing the land. It has instead decided to focus on smaller agricultural projects of less than 1000 hectares of land. It now has a 200 hectare oil palm plant nursery and two additional farms of 246 hectares and 600 hectares.
Gambia	Zoeve Seed Company	Zoeve Seed Company	1.000	Rice	Unknown	Zoeve Seed Company is an agricultural investment firm from Chengdu, in China's Sichuan Province. The firm is interested in acquiring an MOU for an initial amount of 1,000 ha for the production of rice. The pilot project is set to begin in May 2015. The company would aim to produce for local consumption but also for export.
Georgia	Chinese Government	Chinese Government		Crops, fish, livestock, tea	In process	In 2015, the Government of China signed a memorandum of cooperation for a \$20-25 million investment towards a joint project with the Georgian government to develop agricultural crops, fisheries, livestock, tea, cold storage, infrastructure development and agro-tourism in the Samegrelo-Zemo Svaneti region of Georgia.

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Indonesia	Noble Agri Limited	COFCO Corp	68.215	Oil Palm	Done	In 2014, state-backed COFCO Corp agreed to pay US\$1.5 billion for a 51% stake in Noble Group Ltd's agribusiness division, which was renamed Noble Agri Limited. Other investors include the China Investment Corp, the World Bank's IFC and Singapore's Temasek Holdings. The deal gives COFCO control over Noble's two Indonesian oil palm plantation companies: PT Pusaka Agro Lestari and PT Henrison Inti Persada which have land concessions in West Papue covering 35,759 ha and 32,546 ha respectively. So far PT Pusaka has planted 3,000 ha from the 4,000 ha of land that has been cleared, while PT Henrison had cleared some 21,500 ha of its allotted land by 2013.
Indonesia	PT Thian Yuan Agriculture Technology Trading	PT Thian Yuan Agriculture Technology Trading	1.000	Cassva and tapioca	Done	PT Thian Yuan Agriculture Technology Trading is a Chinese company operating from Ketapang Regency in Laos. It is negotiating for 1000 ha to grow cassava.
Indonesia	Tianjin Longwit Minyak dan Grains Industrial Co, Ltd; dan Tianjin Julong Minyak dan Grains Co.Ltd.; Jingjiang Longwit Minyak dan Grains Industrial Co, Ltd; Jingjiang Longwit Minyak dan Grains Pelabuhan Co, Ltd; PT. Graha Inti Jaya	Tianjin Julong Group (TJG)	190.000	Oil palm	Done	Tianjin Julong Group (TJG) is one of China's leading companies in the oil palm industry. TJG's operations include oil palm cultivation, oil and fats processing, port logistics, trades and merchandising. In 2006 TJG expanded overseas, buying oil plantations and building a crushing plant in Kalimantan Island, Indonesia. According to the company's website, it has 50,000 ha of palm plantations, as well as reserve land totaling 140,000 ha. It has a number of subsidiaries functioning in Indonesia, including Tianjin Longwit Minyak dan Grains Industrial Co, Ltd, dan Tianjin Julong Minyak dan Grains Co.Ltd., Jingjiang Longwit Minyak dan Grains Industrial Co, Ltd, Jingjiang Longwit Minyak dan Grains Pelabuhan Co, Ltd and finally PT. Graha Inti Jaya. The latter company leases 24,000 ha of oil palm plantations, for which local farmers say they were not compensated.
Indonesia	PT ZTE Agribusiness Indonesia	ZTE Corporation	180.321	Oil palm	Done	ZTE Corporation is China's largest telecommunications company, with operations in more than 140 countries. In 2007, it established ZTE Energy to invest in biofuels and food production in China and overseas. ZTE's subsidiary in Indonesia is PT ZTE Agribusiness Indonesia. In 2012, ZTE's bid for 150,000 ha for oil palm plantations was rejected because the government restricted new plantations to a maximum of 100,000 ha. However, the company's website reports that it does indeed hold a 150,000 ha land reserve in Indonesia's Papua province and 30,321 ha between Kalimantan and West Kalimantan, through 4 joint venture companies. ZTE aims to have 50,000-100,000 ha by 2015 and 100,000-200,000 ha by 2020.

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Jamaica	Pan Caribbean Sugar Company Limited (PCSC)	China National Complete Import and Export Corporation Group (COMPLANT)	30.000	Sugarcane	Done	The China National Complete Import and Export Corporation Group (COMPLANT) functioned as a foreign-aid office for China until 1993. While it now trades on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, its controlling shareholder is the State Development & Investment Corporation, the largest state-owned investment holding company in China. The company is involved in a number of construction and infrastructure projects overseas and several agricultural projects. The company is also active in Jamaica through its subsidiary Pan Caribbean Sugar Company Limited (PCSC). In August 2011 it purchased three state owned sugar factories from the government of Jamaica- Frome, Bernard Lodge and Monymusk. These were purchased for US\$9 million and COMPLANT planned to invest US\$156 million in rehabilitation. Under the deal, the company also secured some 30,000 ha of sugarcane land through a 50-year lease agreement, renewable for an additional 25 years. PCSC now owns 70% of the sugar industry in Jamaica.
Laos	Beidahuang	Beidahuang	10.000	Rice, small crops and livestock	Done	State-owned Heilongjian Beidahuang Nongken Group Co. is the largest farming company in China, managing over 2 million ha of farmland in the Province of Heilongjiang. Since 2008 the company has been expanding its farming operations overseas. In 2013, Beidahuang reportedly surveyed an area of 10,000 ha in Champassak, Laos for the production of rice, small crops and livestock.
Laos	Chinese Investor	Chinese Investor	10.000	Rice and livestock	Done	In January 2014, the Vietiane Times reported that a Chinese company had invested \$100 million in a 10,000 ha rice, livestock and fruit farm project in the Phonthong district. the project is part of the government's land as equity project, under whcih the company holds 70% of shares in the project, while the villagers get 30%in exchange for providing their lands. Rice from the project will be produced for export to Asian countries including China.
Laos	Dynasty Laos	ZTE Corporation	50.000	Cassava	Unknown	ZTE Corporation is China's largest telecommunications company, with operations in more than 140 countries. In 2007, it established ZTE Energy to invest in biofuels and food production in China and overseas. In 2008 the company acquired the right to 50,000 ha of land to plant cassava in southern Laos in conjunction with its local partner Dynasty Laos. ZTE was also given with the possibility raising this to 100,000 ha. The company's website, however, makes no mention of this deal and its current status is unknown.

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Madagascar	SUCOMA; SUCOCOMA	China National Complete Import and Export Corporation Group (COMPLANT)	10.000	Sugarcane	Done	The China National Complete Import and Export Corporation Group (COMPLANT) functioned as a foreign-aid office for China until 1993. While it now trades on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, its controlling shareholder is the State Development & Investment Corporation, the largest state-owned investment holding company in China. The company is involved in a number of construction and infrastructure projects overseas and several agricultural projects. In Madagascar COMPLANT has been running three SUCOMA sugar factories since 1997. In 2008, under a twenty-year management contract, it took over the state-owned sugar refinery SUCOCOMA, giving it control over 10,000 ha for sugar-cane production. In 2014, 2 people were killed and nine injured at the Morondava sugar factory, after clashes with police. The dispute began between the Chinese management and the local Malagasy employees over salaries, working conditions and the dismissal of seasonal workers who had allegedly signed permanent contracts. Though production was temporarily halted, this swiftly picked up again after the incident but the future of the site remains uncertain.
Mali	Mali Sugar Conglomerate (MSC); N-Sukala S.A.	China Light Industrial Corporation for Foreign Economic and Technical Cooperation (CLETC)	25.700	Sugarcane	Done	In 1996, the Malian government and the China Light Industrial Corporation for Foreign Economic and Technical Cooperation (CLETC) entered into a joint venture to establish the Mali Sugar Conglomerate (MSC), with CLETC holding 60% of the company and the government holding 40%. The Conglomerate took control of two sugar factories and sugar-cane plantations, based in separate locations, on land amounting to 5,7000 ha. The sugar factories were also built with Chinese assistance in the 1960s and 1970s. In 2009, the Malian government signed a deal with CLETC to establish a new sugar project, in which CLETC was given a 50-year renewable lease on 20,000 ha of lands in the Office du Niger for irrigated sugar-cane production, with a total reported investment of US\$41 million. A separate Sino-Malian Joint Stock Company was set up to oversee this project in June 2009 between CLETC and the Malian government, called N-Sukala S.A. CLETC holds 60% shares in N-Sukala S.A., while the government holds the remaining 40%. The company also began building a new sugar cane processing plant and refinery on the site in 2009, which was completed in 2012. At the time of the agreement, however, villages were in fact still occupying the land. Allegedly, construction was begun before impact studies were completed and without prior notification for villagers. As of 2011, only 4,000 ha of the allotted 20,000 ha had been planted.

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Mozambique	Wanbao Africa Agriculture Development, Limitada	Três Fontes Investment, Limited	21.333	Rice	Done	In 2005, China's Hubei State Farm Agribusiness Corp established a rice farm on 1,000 ha of land provided by the Government of Mozambique, in the Ponela section of the Xai-Xai irrigation system. Hubei SFAC subsequently formed Lianfeng Overseas Agricultural Development Co Ltd, to expand its activities in Mozambique and other countries in Africa. The project did not advance, leading private company Wanbao Grain And Oils Co to take over in 2012, through its Mozambican subsidiary Wanbao Africa Agriculture Development, Limitada (WAADL). The company was given another 333 ha to develop rice, soybeans and other cash crops. In December 2012 it then signed a contract with the Mozambican government to lease 20,000 ha of land for a rice farm in the same area, with a 50-year lease. In 2013, Wanbao Grain and Oils Co sold 95% of its share in WAADL to a Mauritian company called Três Fontes Investment, Limited, 5% of the company remains with the businessman Shungong Chai. The owners of Três Fontes are not known because of company secrecy laws in Mauritius. Local NGOs say the project will displace more than 80,000 small farmers and that its use of water for irrigation, which is not restricted, will bring drought to farmers that share the same water source.
Namibia	Namibia Oriental Tobacco CC	HongyunHonghe Tobacco Group	10.000	Tobacco, maize, potatoes	In process	Namibia Oriental Tobacco CC is believed to be a subsidiary of HongyunHonghe Tobacco Group, which is situated in China's Yunnan Province. HongyunHonghe is China's largest and Asia's top cigarette producer, as well as the world's fifth largest tobacco company. It is in the process of acquiring 10,000 ha of land for tobacco and, according to the project proponents, other crops such as maize and potatoes. This initiative has faced much protest from local youth groups and also the former Minister of Health and Social Services, who argue that this land should be used solely for the production of food and not tobacco for export. The first phase of the project is currently in place, as the company's pilot project in Katima Mulilo is up and running. The project has been granted an Export Processing Zone status, a feasibility study has also been conducted and the Ministry of Environment has given it clearance.

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New Zealand	Natural Dairy (NZ) Holdings Ltd	Pengxin Group Co.	12.000	Dairy	Done	Shanghai real-estate mogul Jiang Zhaobai, chairman and owner of the Shanghai Pengxin Group Co., has been investing heavily in farmland over the past few years. In January 2011, Pengxin made an offer to buy Crafer farms in New Zealand, which encompasses 16 dairy farms, through its subsidiary Natural Dairy (NZ) Holdings Ltd, New Zealand's government approved the sale in January 2012. The farms cost an estimated US\$210 million and cover approximately 8,000 ha. In 2014, Pengxin purchased another 4,000 ha of dairy farms in Canterbury owned by Synlait Farm for US\$85.7 million, through its subsidiary Purata Farms. Pengxin attempt to purchase the 13,800 ha Lochinver Station was rejected by the Overseas Investment Office in 2015 and it also abandoned another \$42.7 million deal to buy a cluster of dairy farms in the Bay of Islands through its subsidiary Dakang New Zealand Farm Group.
Nigeria	"Chinese company"	"Chinese company"	20.000	Rice	Done	In May 2013, the Governor of Taraba State, Alhaji Garba Umar, announced that his government had approved the allocation of 20,000 hectares of land to an unnamed Chinese company for rice production.
Nigeria	Green Agriculture West Africa Ltd	China General Construction	1.875	Rice	Done	The Chinese company Green Agriculture West Africa, a subsidiary of China General Construction (CGC Nigeria Ltd), obtained a 99-year Certificate of Occupancy in March 2006 for 1,875 ha in Warra, Ngaski Local Government Area of Kebbi State. The agreement provides for the state to receive two percent of the total yield from the farm. The All Farmers Association of Nigeria says that so far over 5,000 farmers from Cifamini, an irrigation farming community, have been displaced by the company
Philippines	Agricultural Department of Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Agricultural Department of Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	40.000	Cassava and sugarcane	Paused	In 2007, the Agricultural Department of Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region was allegedly interested in acquiring 40,000 ha of land for the planting of cassava and sugarcane in the Cagayan Valley. The intention was to invest US\$6.2 million in the development of cassava production on 20,000 ha and US\$21.8 million on the development of sugarcane production on the remaining 20,000 ha. In 2014, the project was reportedly temporarily halted, due to further consultation with concerned parties.
Philippines	Beidahuang Philippines Agro Industrial Development Corp	Heilongjian Beidahuang Nongken Group Co.	3.000	Rice, bananas	Done	State-owned Heilongjian Beidahuang Nongken Group Co. is the largest farming company in China, managing over 2 million ha of farmland in the Province of Heilongjiang. Since 2008 the company has been expanding its farming operations overseas. In the Philippines, Beidahuang operates through its subsidiary Beidahuang Philippines Agro Industrial Development Corp, which was jointly established with the Philippines company AgriNurture Inc. Beidahuang Philippines focuses on hybrid rice and in it acquired an initial 2,000 ha in Luzon for the production of hybrid rice with plans to expand to 10,000 ha over three years. The company also acquired a 1,000 ha banana plantation in Mindanao.

COUNTRY	COMPANY	OWNER	HECTARES	CROPS	STATUS	SUMMARY
Russia	Armada	Dongning Huaxin Industry and Trade (Group) Ltd	50.000	Soybeans, maize, barley, wheat, livestock, dairy and cattle	Done	Dongning Huaxin has been working with local partners in Russia since 2004. It acquired a 49-year lease for 50,000 ha of farmland in the Primorsky Krai region through its joint venture subsidiary Armada. Armada is allegedly the largest Sino-Russian agricultural project and also the biggest farm in the Russian Far East. The company produces soybeans, maize, barley, wheat and meat products, raising 30,000 pigs a year. In 2011 Armada was reported to have been cultivating 10,000 ha and the company admitted that it had acquired too much land. The company is reported to also be sub-leasing lands to others, but at a minimum lease size of 500 ha.
Russia	Heilongjiang Province	Heilongjiang Province	380.000	Food crops	Done	In November 2010 it was reported that northeast China's Heilongjiang Province had leased 426,667 ha of land in Russia to grow crops. The same report stated that the town Mudanjiang, which is located in Heilongjiang Province, had already acquired 146,667 ha. Heilongjiang Province borders Russia. A subsequent study by ISS revised the area to 380,000 ha, and noted that the project involved 100 Chinese companies, each with at least 500 ha of land.
Russia	Huae Sinban Company	Zoje Resources Investment	115.000	Livestock, poultry, cereal, fodder and medicinal plants	Done	Through its wholly owned subsidiary Huae Sinban Company, Zoje Resources Investment acquired a 149-year lease for 115,000 ha in Eastern Siberia. It says it will invest \$450 million to develop livestock and poultry, cereal, fodder and medicinal plants. Under the project, the Chinese company will use 50,000 ha of land for grazing livestock and 65,000 hectares for vegetables, wheat and other agricultural products; The Transbaikalian regional government will offer another 85,000 hectares to Zoje Resources once the project is completed. The company says it expects to increase the allotted land to 200,000 ha and to supply its products to both the Russian and Chinese markets.
Sierra Leone	Magbass Sugar Complex Co Ltd (MSC)	China National Complete Import and Export Corporation Group (COMPLANT)	1,846	Sugarcane	Done	The China National Complete Import and Export Corporation Group (COMPLANT) functioned as a foreign-aid office for China until 1993. While it now trades on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, its controlling shareholder is the State Development & Investment Corporation, the largest state-owned investment holding company in China. The company is involved in a number of construction and infrastructure projects overseas and several agricultural projects. COMPLANT's subsidiary in Sierra Leone is called Magbass Sugar Complex Co Ltd (MSC). MSC owns a sugar-refining factory and operates a 1,845 ha sugar plantation.

COUNTRY	COMPANY	OWNER	HECTARES	CROPS	STATUS	SUMMARY
Sierra Leone	Shanghai Construction Investment	Shanghai Construction Group	30.000	Rice and rubber	Done	In January 2012, Shanghai Construction Investment, subsidiary of Shanghai Construction Group, told AFP that it had signed a MOU with the Government of Sierra Leone for a US\$1.3 billion project to develop rice and rubber production. The project, located in the northern region of Tonkili, includes the construction of railroads and irrigation, as well as 30,000 ha of land. Sierra Leone's Agriculture Minister Sam Sesay told AFP that the land had already been secured for the project. The current status of the project is unclear.
Tajikistan	Xinyang Inhai	Xinyang Inhai	6.300	Cereals and cotton	Done	In early 2015, the Tajik deputy minister of agriculture, Sijovuddin Isroilov, reported that the company Xinyang Inhai (XI) was renting 6,300 ha of arable land in the Khatlon province in southern Tajikistan. The land will be used for the cultivation of cotton and cereals. This deal was made after the company's production of wheat and cotton on an initial 80 ha produced high yields. According to the Times of Central Asia, Xinyang Inhai is the only Chinese farming company currently operating in Tajikistan.
Uganda	Sichuan Province	Sichuan Province	6.000	Rice	In process	In August 2014, Reuters reported that China's Sichuan province had committed to invest \$300 million to build an agri-park in Uganda for the production of cotton, rice and fruits. The Ugandan government was said to be helping Sichuan's agricultural department acquire 6,000 hectares of land from private owners who could choose to lease land to the Chinese investors or enter equity partnerships.
US	Chinese Investor	Chinese Investor	2.023	Sorghum	Done	In September 2015 China News reported that a Chinese investor had acquired around 2023 ha of land near Houston, Texas for \$20 million to grow sorghum. The deal was arranged through the farmland agent Minor Taylor. The crops will be sent back to produce liquor in China after being stored and processed locally
Venezuela	Heilongjian Beidahuang Nongken Group Co.	Heilongjian Beidahuang Nongken Group Co.	60.000	Maize, rice and soybeans	Done	State-owned Heilongjian Beidahuang Nongken Group Co. is the largest farming company in China, managing over 2 million ha of farmland in the Province of Heilongjiang. Since 2008 the company has been expanding its farming operations overseas. Beidahuang has been active in Venezuela since 2011, as it established a mixed company with the Venezuelan government. Former President Hugo Chavez at the time announced that the company would begin work on some 20 million ha of land, although it appears that this ambitious project never took off under Chavez. In 2013, President Nicolas Maduro re-opened talks with Beidahuang, after which the company acquired 60,000 ha of land for the production of maize, rice and soybeans in the state of Guárico, Delta Amacuro, Barinas, Apure and Portuguesa.

COUNTRY	COMPANY	OWNER	HECTARES	CROPS	STATUS	SUMMARY
Zambia	Jilin Province Overseas Agricultural Investment and Development Group Company Limited	Jilin Province Overseas Agricultural Investment and Development Group Company Limited	3.000	Maize and wheat	Done	In 2014, Zambian government officials announced that Jilin Province Overseas Agricultural Investment and Development Group Company Limited would lease 3,000 ha of land. This was after the deputy governor of Jilin Province, Sui Zhongcheng, visited the region. The current status of the project is unclear but, in August 2015, the Zambia-China Economic and Trade Co-operation Zone (ZCCZ) signed a strategic co-operation agreement with 10 enterprises including Jilin.
TOTAL				3.325.106		

Source: information collected from farmlandgrab.org. Complete references are available upon request by contacting grain@grain.org.